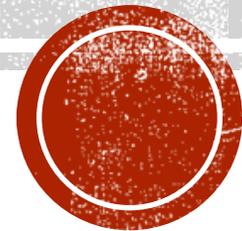


GENERAL ENGLISH

UNIT 2 – GRAMMAR PART

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A verb is a word that expresses action or a state of being,
i.e. jump, run, swim, fish, talk.

An adjective is a word that describes or clarifies a noun,
i.e. pretty, happy, silly, sunny.

A noun is a person, place or thing - in its simplest definition,
i.e. girl, dog, mom.

Here are some examples of adverbs modifying verbs:

*He runs **quickly**.*

*She walks **slowly**.*

*He's **happily** chattering over there in the corner.*



Adverbs can also modify adjectives or other adverbs.
They provide more information about that other descriptive word.

For example:
He runs **very quickly**.

In this sentence, the adverb "very" is describing the adverb "quickly" ("very quickly" can be used as an adverb phrase).

An **incredibly pretty** girl sat down next to me.

In this sentence, the adverb "incredibly" is describing the adjective "pretty."



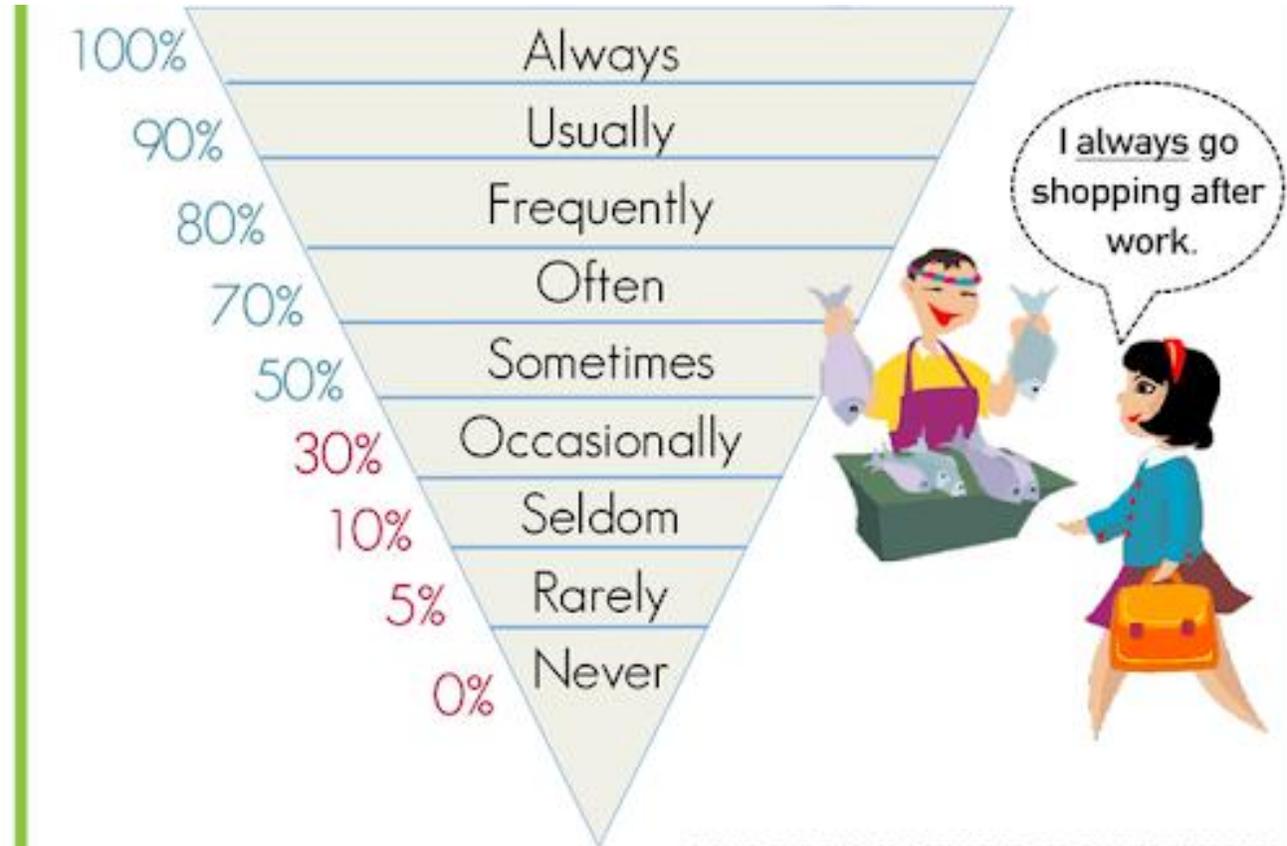
TYPES OF ADVERBS

TYPE	ADVERBS	EXAMPLE
Adverbs of Frequency	always, sometimes, often, usually, frequently, rarely/hardly ever, never, generally, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • She normally eats three meals a day. • I usually buy all my vegetables at the market. 
Adverbs of Manner	cheerfully, efficiently, painfully, carefully, slowly, badly, easily, well, quickly, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The children were playing happily with their toys. • The police dealt with the incident very efficiently.
Adverbs of Time	now, yesterday, soon, later, yet, tomorrow, already, tonight, today, then, last month/year, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • She'd already gone when we got there. • I'm going to hang out with my friends tomorrow.



Adverbs of Place	off, above, abroad, far, on, away, back, here, out, outside, behind, in, down, downstairs, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• His children go everywhere with him.• Let's open the box and see what's inside it.
Adverbs of Degree	quite, too, entirely, very, extremely, rather, almost, absolutely, just, barely, deeply, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• I'm not absolutely certain I posted it.• He was quite agreeable to accepting the plan.
Adverbs of Evaluation	apparently, clearly, fairly, frankly, fortunately, honestly, hopefully, carelessly, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• David is clearly unhappy to be here.• Frankly, I think the Internet is overrated.

ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY



Good and Well

Good is an adjective that modifies nouns.

For example:

That **good** boy (n.) just gave his little sister a hug.

Well is an adverb that modifies verbs or even adjectives.

For example:

He listens (v.) **well**.

That **well** educated (adj) woman went on to marry a celebrity.



LIST OF ADVERBS

- Abnormally
- Diligently
- Hopelessly
- Accidentally
- Doubtfully
- Hungrily
- Deliberately
- Highly
- Mysteriously
- Delightfully
- Honestly
- Naturally
- Nearly
- Rightfully
- Ultimately
- Nervously
- Roughly
- Unaccountably
- Never
- Rudely

- Unbearably
- Nicely
- Safely
- Noisily
- Scarcely
- Unexpectedly
- Unfortunately
- Obediently
- Searchingly
- Oddly
- Seemingly
- Unnecessarily
- Offensively
- Seldom
- Upbeat
- Officially
- Upright
- Only
- Seriously
- Upward

- Actually
- Dreamily
- Always
- Enormously
- Intensely
- Anxiously
- Equally
- Interestingly
- Arrogantly
- Especially
- Inwardly
- Awkwardly
- EvenIrritably
- Beautifully
- Eventually
- Jealously
- Bitterly
- Exactly
- Jovially
- Cleverly

- Frightfully
- Lively
- Closely
- Fully
- Loftily
- Coaxingly
- Furiously
- Longingly
- Generally
- Loosely
- Commonly
- Generously
- Loudly
- Continually
- Gently
- Lovingly
- Coolly
- Gladly
- Loyally
- Courageously

- Openly
- Shakily
- Urgently
- Optimistically
- Recklessly
- Tightly
- Reluctantly
- Too
- Repeatedly
- Tremendously
- Youthfully
- Restfully
- Truly
- Righteously
- Truthfully
- Sharply
- Usefully
- Sheepishly
- Uselessly
- Painfully



EXERCISES

Adverbs

An adverb is a word that adds meaning to a verb, an adjective, or another adverb.

1. Select the best adverb to complete each sentence.

gracefully	neatly	busily	angrily
brightly	tightly	softly	carefully

- We should cross a busy street _____.
- We tie parcels _____.
- Lights can shine _____.
- We should write _____ in our books.
- The children worked _____.
- The lion roared _____.
- We should whisper _____.
- A swan swims _____.

2. Beside each adverb write *how*, *when*, or *where* to show what it tells us.

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| a. tomorrow _____ | f. yesterday _____ |
| b. greedily _____ | g. inside _____ |
| c. tonight _____ | h. down _____ |
| d. today _____ | i. sweetly _____ |
| e. sadly _____ | j. outside _____ |

3. Add an adverb of your own to complete each sentence. Make sure your adverb answers the word in parentheses.

- She fell _____ (where)
- He whistled _____ (how)
- Tom arrived _____ (when)
- The window was broken _____ (how)
- The kangaroo jumped the fence _____ (how)
- I will repay you _____ (when)



Comparative and Superlative Adverbs Worksheet

An adverb is a word that describes a verb, an adjective, or another adverb. The comparative form of the adverb compares two actions. The superlative form of the adverb compares more than two actions.

Directions: Write the Comparative and Superlative form of each adverb.



	<u>Comparative</u>	<u>Superlative</u>
Example A- badly	worse	worst
1. well	_____	_____
2. far	_____	_____
3. little	_____	_____
4. early	_____	_____
5. near	_____	_____
6. soon	_____	_____
7. quick	_____	_____
8. often	_____	_____
9. frequent	_____	_____
10. cautious	_____	_____

Adverbs

1. - Find the adverbs and write them in the box.



I'm the best student in my class. I always do well in exams, and I do my homework correctly and enter the classroom quietly. But in Physical education and sports I'm terrible, because I run so slowly!

--	--	--	--

2. - Match the adjectives with their adverbs

good	→	quietly
correct		slowly
quiet		well
slow		quickly
bad		correctly
quick		carefully
fast		terribly
careful		badly
terrible		fast

We use **adverbs** to describe how somebody is doing something.

To create adverbs we normally add **-ly** to an adjective

3.- Read the sentence. Circle the answer, which is true for you

- I play football _____ **well / badly / superbly**
- I do my homework _____ **badly / quickly / carefully**
- I run _____ **quickly / slowly / terribly**
- I speak English _____ **well / loudly / quietly**
- I play computer games _____ **badly / superbly / well**
- I ride my bike _____ **carefully / fast / slowly**

Adverbs

beautifully happily hungrily soon madly suddenly loudly slowly quietly
secretly softly comfortably dangerously
quickly badly easily

1. Bee buzzed _____.
2. The ants whisper _____.
3. Snake slithers _____.
4. Inky eats _____.
5. The band played _____.
6. _____ I will go to high school.
7. She yelled _____.
8. Tom answered all the questions _____.
9. He was driving _____ because he was drunk.
10. He _____ fell off the tree and broke his arm.
11. We must speak _____ in the library.
12. I can't sit _____ in the chair.
13. Tom and Lisa are _____ married.
14. The mother touched her son _____ in the head.
15. The car was _____ scratched.
16. Lily _____ did her homework and went to play with her friends.

