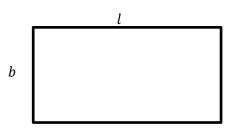
Unit 15 – Equations and Formulae (2)

> Formulae



- \triangleright Let the length of this rectangular lamina be l units, the breadth be b units and the perimeter be P in the same units.
 - Then P = l + b + l + b
 - This can be written either as P = 2l + 2b or P = 2(l + b)
 - Equations such as the above are called **formulae**.
 - Here *P* is called the subject of the formula.
 - This formula can be used to find the perimeter of any rectangle of which the length and breadth are known.
- ➤ The length and the breadth of a certain rectangle are 13 cm and 7 cm respectively. Let us calculate its perimeter by using the above formula.

$$P = 2l + 2b$$

 $l = 13 \text{ cm} \text{ and } b = 7 \text{ cm}$
Therefore, $P = 2 \times 13 + 2 \times 7 \text{ cm}$
 $= 26 + 14 \text{ cm}$
 $= 40 \text{ cm}$

✓ Do all the exercises in your text book 15.3 and 15.4