

Revision - Poetry

- 1) Read the following extracts and answer the questions given.
 - **I.** "Never since I was born of my mother Have I seen or heard of a skull which spoke"
 - a) In which work do these lines appear? Who is the writer?
 - b) Who is referred to as "I"? To Whom is this "I" spoken to?
 - c) What is the situation described here?
 - II. "He watches from his mountain walls-

And like a thunderbolt he falls"

- a) Name the work from which these lines have been taken? Name the writer.
 - b) Who is referred to as "He"?
 - c) Name the technique in the first line. What is the message conveyed through it?
- III. "She had two sons at raising day,

To-night she'll be alone"

- a) From where are these lines taken? Who wrote them?
- b) Who is referred to as "she"?
- c) What has happened to those two sons?
- IV. "Thy bright torch of love: thy radiant crown

Put on, and smile upon our evening bed!"

- a) From where are these lines taken? Who wrote them?
- b) Who is referred as "thy"? What does "torch of love " signify?
- c) What is the literary device used here?

IV. "On stage he's a different person.

Up there he's a king on a throne."

- a) From which work have these lines been taken? Who wrote them?
- b) Who is referred to as "he"? Who speaks these lines?
- c) Name the literary device used to describe "he". What effect does it create?

- 2) In the poem, 'The Eagle', the two stanzas represent the writer's view point and bird's view point respectively. Discuss.
- 3) Identify the symbolic characters in the poem "Big Match, 1983" and explain it with the examples.
- **4)** In the poem '*Farewell to Barn, Stack and Tree*' the speaker shows his guilty-consciousness throughout the narration. Do you agree? Give reasons.
- 5) William Blake explains that man and nature are inseparable partners through the poem ' *To the Evening Star*'. Comment with examples.