



## Department of Education, Sabaragamuwa - Weekly School

Week - 10

Subject:- English

Grade :- 11

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Unit : 06 – A Moment of Fun  
Lesson : Revision – The Present Tense, Activity 5  
Competency Level : 6.1 - Constructs simple sentences.

### Activity 1

Study Revision Point on page 62 and 63 of your Pupil's text carefully. It is on the present tense.

Let's study the present tense further.

Complete the following table. Follow the examples and make sentences for each tense. You may copy the table into your writing book.

Tense	Singular example	Plural example	Notes
Simple Present Tense -for habitual actions	1. My father <u>reads</u> * the newspaper every day.  2. Wenush <u>watches</u> ** TV news in the afternoon.  3. Ramya .....(play)football on Sundays.  4. Jagath ..... (eat) his breakfast at the school canteen.	1. Some people <u>read</u> the newspaper every day.  2. We <u>watch</u> a film on every Sunday.  3 The boys ..... ..... .....  4. Some students ..... ..... .....	*singular verbs in simple present tense are usually formed by adding '-s' to the end. **But there are exceptions -1 -Verbs ending with /-sh/-ch/-x/-s/ and some verbs ending with /-o/ add '-es' to the end to form the singular verb in the simple present tense -Verbs ending with y followed by a consonant add '-ies' deleting the last '-y' to form the singular verb in simple present tense. Exceptions -2 You & I Eg: <u>I play</u> the piano in the afternoon. <u>You bake</u> cakes during the weekend.
The Present Continuous Tense -for an action happening at the moment of speaking.	1. Lalani <u>is reading</u> a book. 2. Chathura <u>is riding</u> a bicycle. 3. Shan ..... playing chess. 4. Riyaz ..... a	1. Girls <u>are reading</u> books. 2. Two boys are ..... ..... 3. Some students ... ..... 4. Artists .....	Exceptions - I & You Eg: <u>I am</u> eating a bun. <u>You are</u> watching TV. *note the change in be verb for the two subjects 'I' and 'You'.

	picture.	.....	
<b>The Present Perfect Tense</b> -for past actions which are connected or relevant to the present in some way.	1.Samagi <u>has painted</u> a picture.  2. Nuzrath has ..... (bake) a cake.  3. Raj ..... (write) a poem.  4. The dog ..... (eat) the bones.	1. The artists <u>have painted</u> pictures.  2. My aunts have .....  3. Some students ... .....  4. The dogs .....	Exceptions- I & You Eg: <b>I <u>have</u> washed</b> the dishes. <b>You <u>have</u> eaten</b> an ice-cream. *Note that 'has' and 'have' are followed by the past participle form of the verb. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">           has / have +            past participle            form of the verb         </div>
<b>The Present Perfect Continuous Tense</b> -for actions that began in the past and are still continuing	1. Samagi <u>has been working</u> in the garden since morning. 2. Lalitha has ..... washing clothes since 8.00a.m. 3. Anne ..... reading a novel for three hours now. 4. Wasanthi ..... ..... (clean) the windows since yesterday.	1. The men <u>have been mending</u> the bridge since morning. 2. The dogs have ..... barking since midnight. 3. We ..... ..... studying Science for three hours now. 4. The two cleaners ..... ..... (mop) the floor since morning.	Exceptions- I & You Eg: <b>I <u>have been</u> typing</b> a letter for 20 minutes now. <b>You <u>have been</u> pruning</b> the bush since 9 o'clock. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">           has/ have +   <b>BEEN +</b>  <u>PRESENT</u>  <u>participle form</u> of the verb         </div>

01. Complete Activity 5 on page 63 of your Pupil's text.