



Provincial Education Department Sabaragamuwa

Subject: Mathematics

Week- 28

Grade: 10

Translated by: N. Dematage  
Ke/Dehi/ Ruwanwella Royal College

## 23•Formulae

### Change the subject of a formula which involves squares and roots

Example:

- Let's make  $u$  the subject of the formula  $v^2 = u^2 + 2fs$

To make  $u^2$  the subject of the formula, the term  $2fs$  should remove from the right hand side

For that, let's us subtract  $2fs$  from both side

$$v^2 - 2fs = u^2 + 2fs - 2fs$$

$$v^2 - 2fs = u^2$$

Now, to make  $u$  the subject of the formula, let us take the square root of both sides.

$$\sqrt{v^2 - 2fs} = \sqrt{u^2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\sqrt{v^2 - 2fs} = u}}$$

- Let's make  $g$  the subject of the formula,  $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$

First, let's remove  $2\pi$  from the right hand side. For that, divide both side from  $2\pi$

$$\frac{T}{2\pi} = \frac{2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}}{2\pi}$$

$$\frac{T}{2\pi} = \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$$

Now, to remove the square root of  $g$ , square both sides

$$\left(\frac{T}{2\pi}\right)^2 = \left(\sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{T^2}{4\pi^2} = \frac{l}{g}$$

Since  $g$  is in the denominator, multiply both side by  $g$

$$\frac{T^2}{4\pi^2} \times g = \frac{l}{\cancel{g}} \times \cancel{g}$$

$$\frac{T^2}{4\pi^2} \times g = l$$

Now, to remove  $\frac{T^2}{4\pi^2}$ , multiply both sides by  $\frac{4\pi^2}{T^2}$

$$\frac{\cancel{T^2}}{4\cancel{\pi}^2} g \times \frac{4\cancel{\pi}^2}{\cancel{T^2}} = l \times \frac{4\pi^2}{T^2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{g = \frac{4\pi^2 l}{T^2}}}$$

Exercise :

Do the exercise 23.1 in the text book

Find the value of an unknown term in a formula when the values of the other unknown terms are given.

3. Given below is the formula for the volume ( $v$ ) of a cylinder, in terms of its radius ( $r$ ) and its height ( $h$ ).

$$v = \pi r^2 h$$

Find the value of  $r$  when  $v = 6160$  and  $h = 10$ . Take  $\pi$  as  $\frac{22}{7}$

Let's first make  $r$  the subject of the formula  $v = \pi r^2 h$

$$\frac{v}{\pi h} = \frac{\cancel{\pi} r^2 \cancel{h}}{\cancel{\pi} \cancel{h}}$$

$$\frac{v}{\pi h} = r^2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{v}{\pi h}} = r$$

Now let us substitute the given values

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{v}{\pi h}}$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{6160}{\frac{22}{7} \times 10}}$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{\overset{28}{\cancel{6160}}}{\cancel{22} \times \cancel{10}} \times 7}$$

$$r = \sqrt{28 \times 7}$$

$$r = \sqrt{196}$$

$$r = 14$$

Exercises:

Do the exercise 23.2 in the text book